Affordable Care Act

Maryland Implementation

Joshua M. Sharfstein, M.D., Secretary Department of Health and Mental Hygiene March 31, 2011



Outline

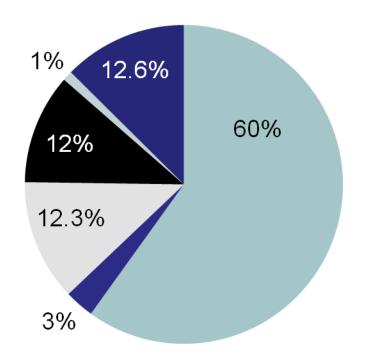
- Background: Maryland Insurance Coverage and Markets
- The Affordable Care Act

Delivery System Reform



Most Marylanders Have Group Insurance Coverage

Maryland 2009 Population by Source of Insurance Coverage



- Group
- Individual
- Medicaid/CHIP
- Medicare
- Other Public
- Uninsured



Large Groups (51+)

Insured Groups

- Carrier bears risk if claims exceed premiums
- Subject to insurance laws and mandated benefits
- 950,000 individuals

Self-Insured Groups

- Group bears the risk if claims exceed premiums
- Not subject to state insurance laws/oversight
- Nearly 2 million individuals

Markets Under Insurance Regulation

Individual Market

- Buy directly from carrier (vs. Association)
- Subject to state insurance laws and mandated benefits
- Medical underwritten
- 160,000 covered lives

Small Group Market*

- 2-50 employees
- Guaranteed issue
- Modified Community Rating
- Standard plan w/ riders
- 47,000 businesses (410,000 covered lives)



^{*}Oversight by Maryland Insurance Administration and Maryland Health Care Commission

Small Business Premium Subsidy Program



Established during 2007 Special Session

- Eligibility:
 - Very small groups (2-9 FTEs)
 - Low-moderate avg. wages (less than \$50,000)
 - Previously not offering coverage
- State pays up to 50% premium
- 343 small businesses currently enrolled (1,643 covered lives)

High Risk Pool

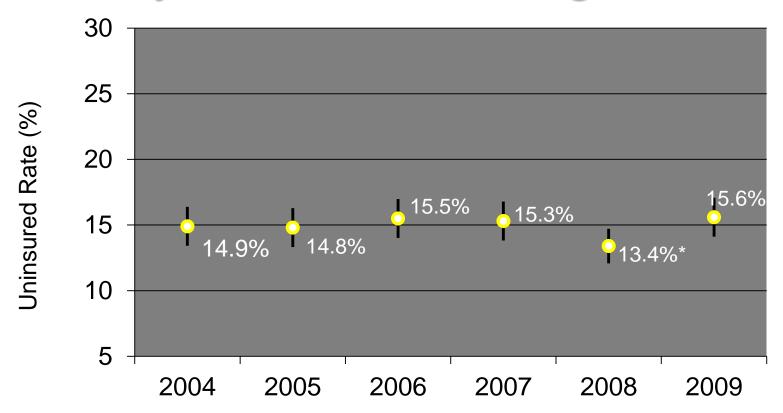


- Established 2002, administered by CareFirst, self-insured by the state
- Covers 20,000 people unable to obtain insurance in individual market
- MHIP + subsidizes coverage for low income residents
- MHIP Federal opened Sept. 2010

How are we doing?



Trend in Uninsured Rate in Maryland, 2004 through 2009



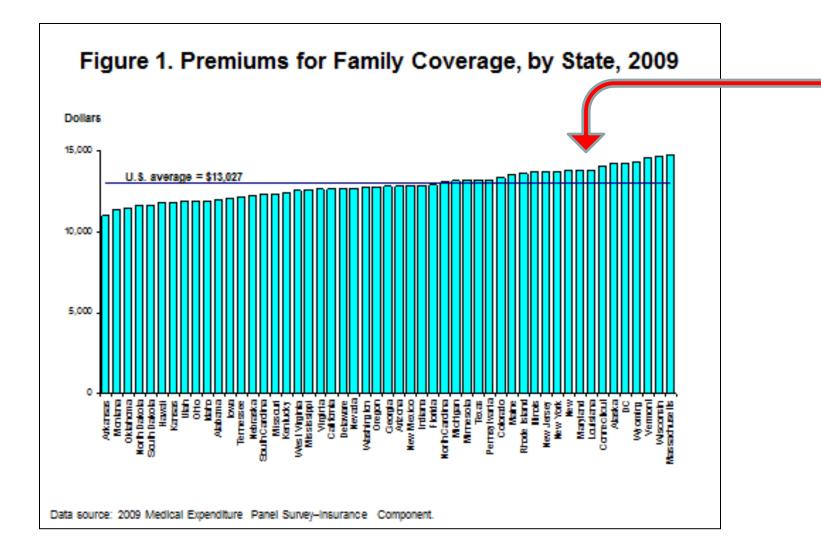
^{*} Differs significantly from the 2007 & 2009 estimates using a 90% C.I.



MHCC Analysis of Current Population Survey, Jan. 2011

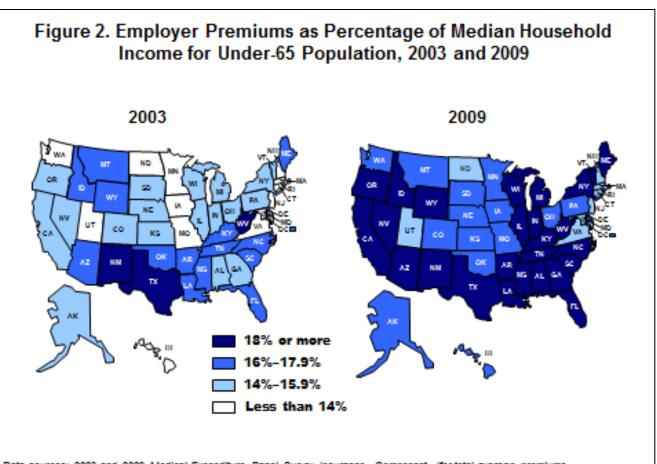






Slide from: C. Schoen, K. Stremikis, S. K. H. How, and S. R. Collins, State Trends in Premiums and Deductibles, 2003–2009: How Building on the Affordable Care Act Will Help Stem the Tide of Rising Costs and Eroding Benefits, The Commonwealth Fund, December 2010.

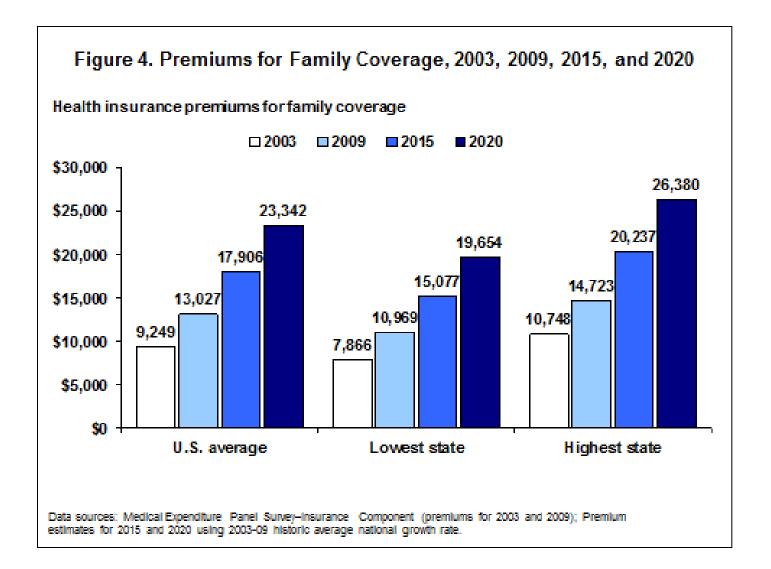




Data sources: 2003 and 2009 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey-Insurance Component (for total average premiums for employer-based health insurance plans, weighted by single and family household distribution); 2003–04 and 2009–2010 Current Population Surveys (for median household incomes for under-65 population).

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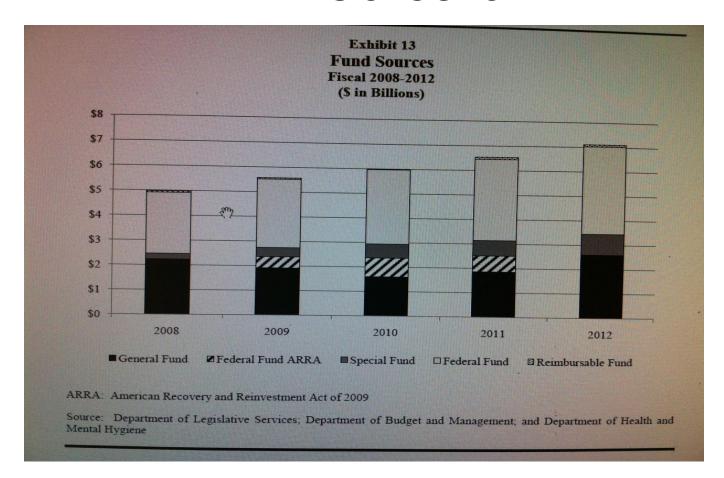




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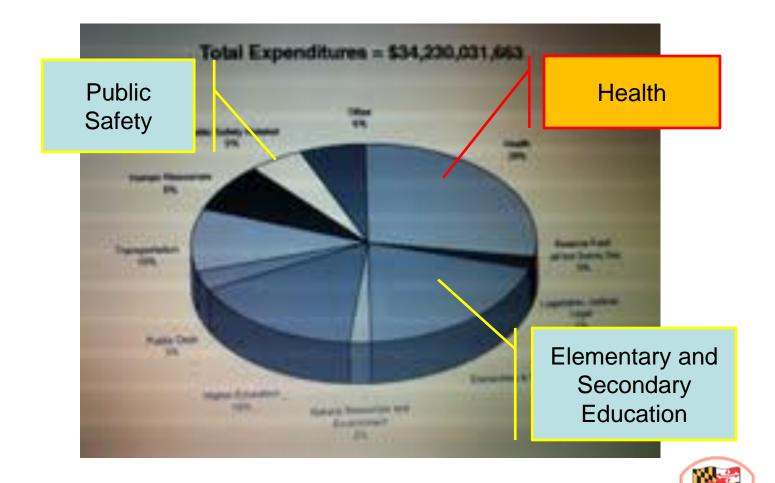


Medicaid





FY 2012 Maryland Budget



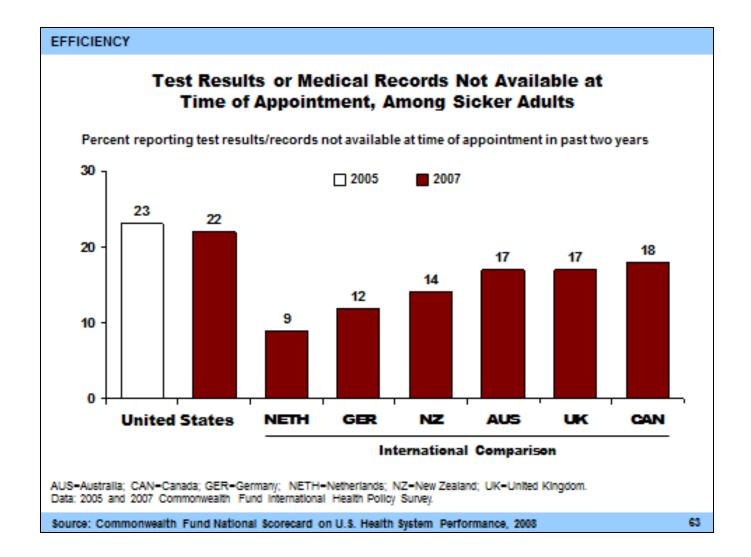
GRADING PERIOD	1	2	3	4
READING	A			
WRITTEN COMMUNICATION	A			
MATHEMATICS	C			
SCIENCE/HEALTH	B			
SOCIAL STUDIES	B			
ART	A			
MUSIC	A			
PHYSICAL EDUCATION	C			
	8			
Grade Average	B			
Attendance: Present Absent Tardy	40			
A = Excellent • B = Good • C = Sau U = Unsatisfactory • I = Insufficie			ds Improv	ement



Barriers to Performance

- Weak primary care infrastructure, poorly connected to tertiary care
- Health care system generally pays for volume, not value
- Few incentives for high quality care





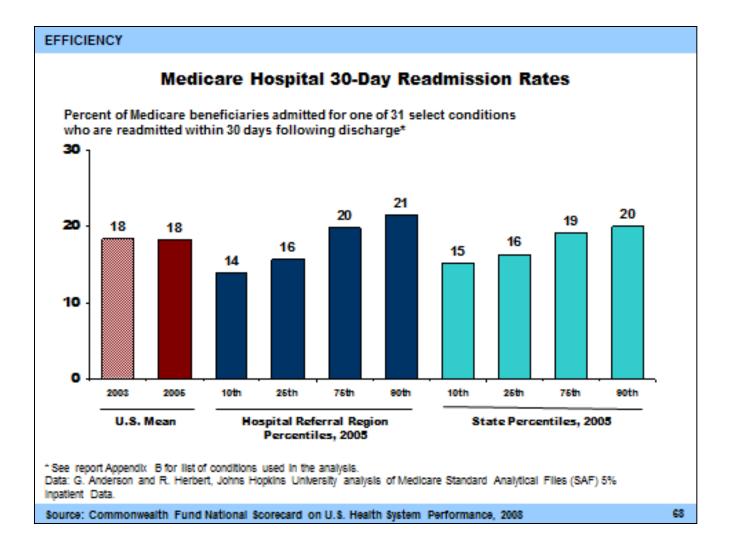
Slide from: The Commonwealth Fund Commission on a High Performance Health System, Why Not the Best? Results from the National Scorecard on U.S. Health System Performance, 2008, The Commonwealth Fund, July 2008



EFFICIENCY Medicare Admissions for Ambulatory Care-Sensitive Conditions, Rates and Associated Costs, by Hospital Referral Regions Rate of ACS admissions per 10,000 Costs of ACS admissions as percent of all beneficiaries discharge costs m 2003 **2005** n 2003 2005 1200 20 1043 16.3 926 887 147 15 134 126 900 816 11.8 11.1 10.0 9.8 600 499₄₆₅ 300 National 10th 25th 79ih 90th 10th 25th 79th 90th National mean meen Percentiles Percentiles See report Appendix B for complete list of ambulatory care-sensitive conditions used in the analysis. Data: G. Anderson and R. Herbert, Johns Hopkins University analysis of Medicare Standard Analytical Files (SAF) 5% Inpatient Data Source: Commonwealth Fund National Scorecard on U.S. Health System Performance, 2008 67

Slide from: The Commonwealth Fund Commission on a High Performance Health System, Why Not the Best? Results from the National Scorecard on U.S. Health System Performance, 2008, The Commonwealth Fund, July 2008





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March 23, 2010: The Affordable Care Act



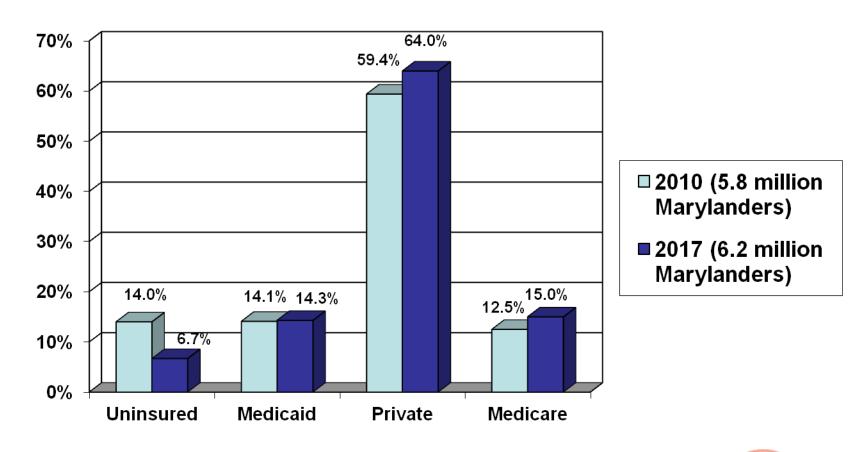


Four Key Elements of ACA

- 1. Strengthens insurance coverage
- 2. Expands access to health care
- 3. Makes coverage more affordable
- 4. Promotes cost control, quality, and prevention



Affordable Care Act Anticipated to Reduce Maryland Uninsured by Half





State General Fund Analysis

✓ Review by UMBC Hilltop Institute team of health policy experts and economists:

Implementation of the ACA will save the General Fund budget \$853 million over 10 years



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Smart Consumer Protections



 Young adults can stay on their parents coverage until age 26.

In effect now



Protects Families from Bankruptcy



 No exclusions for children with preexisting conditions.

In effect now



Support in Case of Illness



 No pre-existing condition exclusions for chronically ill adults.

2014



Insurance Bill

Administration Package

- ✓ Aligns Maryland insurance law with the Affordable Care Act
- ✓ Assures important protections for Maryland residents such as
 - ✓ Coverage until 26
 - ✓ Pre-existing conditions
 - ✓ Lifetime limits



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Expands Access to Health Care

Establishes incentives and requirements to have coverage in order to avoid adverse selection and spread risk





Expands Access to Health Care

 Creates transparent, competitive exchanges where individuals and small businesses can go to purchase private insurance coverage.





Timeline for Health Insurance Exchanges

2011: Administration legislation establishes framework for a independent governmental entity to run the exchange

2013: Final adjustments and launch of Exchange

2012: After study and initial recommendations, possible legislation to refine exchange

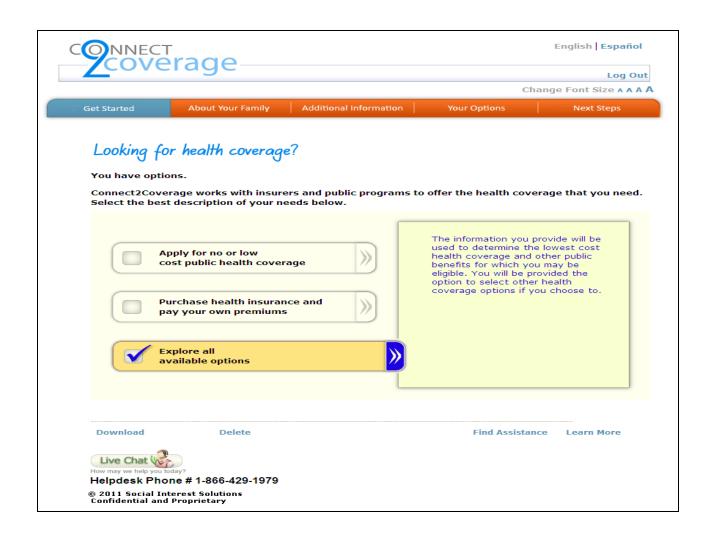
2014: Exchange operational





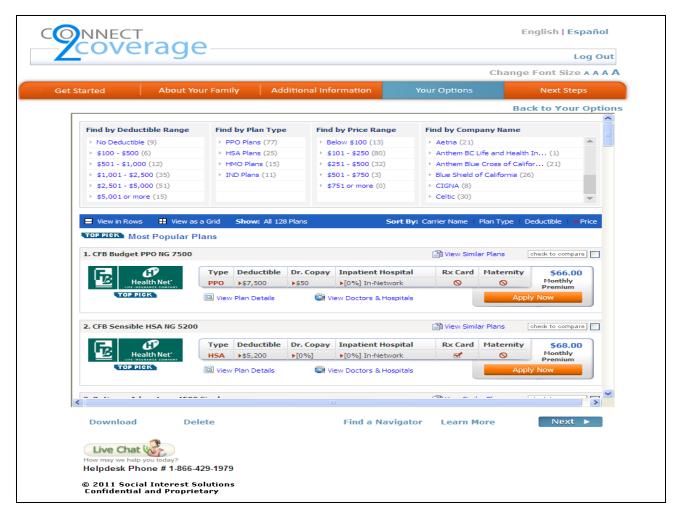
Example





Example





Example



Health Benefit Exchange Bill

Administration Package

- ✓ Establishes a structure and framework
- ✓ Independent public entity
- ✓ Promote transparency and accountability
- ✓ Makes Maryland grant-eligible
- ✓ Will study key issues and make recommendations to legislature for 2012 session



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Support for Maryland Families and Businesses

- ✓ Medicaid expansion & higher federal match
- ✓ Subsidies for low- and moderate-income individuals and families up to 400% FPL
- ✓ Small business tax credits 35% (2010) –
 50% (2014)



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Saves Money While Making People Healthier

- ✓ Invests in prevention
- Encourages high quality and efficient provision of care, with leadership by doctors and hospitals
- Supports ongoing efforts in health information technology





Goal is the "Triple Aim"

- 1. Improving individual experience of care
- 2. Reducing per capita health care costs
- 3. Improving the health of the population



ACA Opportunities (1)

- Patient-centered medical homes
 - 24/7 care management and support
 - Interdisciplinary teams
 - Coordinate care through care planning
 - Collect data on outcomes and cost



ACA Opportunities (2)

- Accountable Care Organizations
 - Vertically integrated units that share savings with payers
 - Must handle at least 5000 patients and commit for 3 years
 - If meet quality measures, get to share savings below benchmark per capita costs
 - Medicare to certify in 2012



ACA Opportunities (3)

- Pilot programs for bundled payments, readmissions reduction, and reduction in hospital-acquired conditions.
 - Limited to Medicare



State Health Improvement Plan

- The State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP) will focus state and local action on a small number of *critical* population health improvement factors -
 - critical to making sure people live, work and play in health supporting environments
 - critical to ensuring that our prevention and health care services are of the highest quality



Conclusions

- Tremendous challenges facing health system
- Maryland's system is unique
- Health care reform is a tremendous opportunity
- To succeed, must control costs and improve quality.



For More Information

HealthReform.Maryland.Gov



Additional Notes

- The website of the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene is
- http://www.dhmh.state.md.us
- Follow Dr. Sharfstein on Twitter @drjoshs

[This slide added after Grand Rounds presentation]

